GENERAL SAFETY RULES

Woodworking can be dangerous if safe and proper operating procedures are not followed. As with all machinery, there are certain hazards involved with the operation of the product. Using the machine with respect and caution will considerably lessen the possibility of personal injury. However, if normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored, personal injury to the operator may result. Safety equipment such as guards, push sticks, hold-downs, featherboards, gogles, dust masks and hearing protection can reduce your potential for injury. But even the best guard won’t make up for poor judgment, carelessness or inattention. Always use common sense and exercise caution in the workshop. If a procedure feels dangerous, don’t try it. Figure out an alternative procedure that feels safer. **REMEMBER:** Your personal safety is your responsibility.

This machine was designed for certain applications only. Delta Machinery strongly recommends that this machine not be modified and/or used for any application other than that for which it was designed. If you have any questions relative to a particular application, **DO NOT** use the machine until you have first contacted Delta to determine if it can or should be performed on the product.

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**WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE RULES MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY**

1. **FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY, READ INSTRUCTION MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING THE TOOL.** Learn the tool's application and limitations as well as the specific hazards peculiar to it.
2. **KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE** and in working order.
3. **ALWAYS WEAR EYE PROTECTION.** Wear safety glasses. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses; they are not safety glasses. Also use face or dust mask if cutting operation is dusty. These safety glasses must conform to ANSI Z87.1 requirements. **NOTE:** Approved glasses have Z87 printed or stamped on them.
4. **REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES.** Form habit of checking to see that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from tool before turning it "on".
5. **KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN.** Cluttered areas and benches invite accidents.
6. **DON’T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT.** Don’t use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well-lighted.
7. **KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY.** All children and visitors should be kept a safe distance from work area.
8. **MAKE WORKSHOP CHILDPROOF** – with padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys.
9. **DON’T FORCE TOOL.** It will do the job better and be safer at the rate for which it was designed.
10. **USE RIGHT TOOL.** Don’t force tool or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.
11. **WEAR PROPER APPAREL.** No loose clothing, gloves, neckties, rings, bracelets, or other jewelry to get caught in moving parts. Nonslip footwear is recommended. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
12. **SECURE WORK.** Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It’s safer than using your hand and frees both hands to operate tool.
13. **DON’T OVERREACH.** Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
14. **MAINTAIN TOOLS IN TOP CONDITION.** Keep tools sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.
15. **DISCONNECT TOOLS** before servicing and when changing accessories such as blades, bits, cutters, etc.
16. **USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES.** The use of accessories and attachments not recommended by Delta may cause hazards or risk of injury to persons.
17. **REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING.** Make sure switch is in "OFF" position before plugging in power cord. In the event of a power failure, move switch to the "OFF" position.

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**NOTE:**

18. **NEVER STAND ON TOOL.** Serious injury could occur if the tool is tipped or if the cutting tool is accidentally contacted.
19. **CHECK DAMAGED PARTS.** Before further use of the tool, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to ensure that it will operate properly and perform its intended function – check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting, and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged should be properly repaired or replaced.
20. **DIRECTION OF FEED.** Feed work into a blade or cutter against the direction of rotation of the blade or cutter only.
21. **NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN POWER OFF.** Don’t leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.
22. **STAY ALERT, WATCH WHAT YOU ARE DOING, AND USE COMMON SENSE WHEN OPERATING A POWER TOOL. DO NOT USE TOOL WHILE TIRED OR UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS, ALCOHOL, OR MEDICATION.** A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
23. **MAKE SURE TOOL IS DISCONNECTED FROM POWER SUPPLY** while motor is being mounted, connected or reconnected.
24. **THE DUST GENERATED** by certain woods and wood products can be injurious to your health. Always operate machinery in well ventilated areas and provide for proper dust removal. Use wood dust collection systems whenever possible.
25. **WARNING: SOME DUST CREATED BY POWER SANDING, SAWING, GRINDING, DRILLING, AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES** contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:
   · lead from lead-based paints,
   · crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
   · arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber. Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

**SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.**
Refer to them often and use them to instruct others.
ADDITIONAL SAFETY RULES FOR
FOR DRILL PRESSES

WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE RULES MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY

1. **DO NOT** operate your tool until it is completely assembled and installed according to the instructions.

2. **IF YOU ARE NOT** thoroughly familiar with the operation of drill presses, obtain advice from your supervisor, instructor or other qualified person.

3. **MAKE SURE** wiring codes and recommended electrical connections are followed and that machine is properly grounded.

4. **YOUR TOOL MUST** be securely fastened to a stand or workbench. If there is any tendency for the stand or workbench to move during operation, the stand or workbench **MUST** be fastened to the floor.

5. **NEVER** turn the tool “ON” before clearing the table of all objects (tools, scrap pieces, etc.).

6. **NEVER** start the tool with the drill bit or cutting tool in contact with the workpiece.

7. **USE ONLY** drill bits, cutters, sanding drums and other accessories with 1/2” shank or less.

8. **ALWAYS** keep hands and fingers away from the drill bit or cutting tool.

9. **DO NOT ATTEMPT** to drill material that does not have a flat surface, unless a suitable support is used.

10. **AVOID** awkward hand positions where a sudden slip could cause a hand to move into the drill bit or cutting tool.

11. **TO PREVENT ROTATION OF THE WORKPIECE,** **ALWAYS** clamp work securely to table if it is too short to contact the column (see “OPERATION” section of this manual) or when using hole saw or cutting tools larger than 1/2” in diameter.

12. **USE** recommended speed for drill, accessory or workpiece material.

13. **MAKE CERTAIN** all lock handles are tightened before starting the machine.

14. **NEVER** perform layout, assembly or set-up work on the table while the drill is operating.

15. **BE SURE** drill bit or cutting tool is not damaged and is properly locked in the chuck before operating.

16. **MAKE SURE** chuck key is removed from chuck before starting drill press. **ONLY** use chuck key provided with your drill press. It is equipped with a self-ejecting pin which eliminates the hazard of the key being left in the chuck.

17. **ADJUST** the table or depth stop to avoid drilling into the table.

18. **ALWAYS** allow the drill press to stop before removing scrap pieces from the table.

19. **WHEN** drilling large workpieces, **MAKE SURE** the material is supported at table height.

20. **SHUT OFF** the power, remove the drill bit or cutting tool, and clean the table and work area before leaving the machine.

21. **MAKE** all adjustments with the power off.

22. **IMPORTANT:** When the tool is not in use, the switch should be locked in the “OFF” position to prevent unauthorized use of the tool.

23. **SHOULD** any part of your tool be missing, damaged or fail in anyway, or any electrical component fail to perform properly, shut off switch and remove plug from power supply outlet. Replace missing, damaged or failed parts before resuming operation.

24. **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** regarding the safe and proper operation of this product is available from the National Safety Council, 1121 Spring Lake Drive, Itasca, Illinois 60143-3201, in the Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations and also in the Safety Data Sheets provided by the NSC. Please also refer to the American National Standards Institute ANSI 01.1 Safety Requirements for Woodworking Machinery and the U.S. Department of Labor OSHA 1910.212 and 1910.213 Regulations.
POWER CONNECTIONS

A separate electrical circuit should be used for your tools. This circuit should not be less than #12 wire and should be protected with a 20 Amp time lag fuse. If an extension cord is used, use only 3-wire extension cords which have 3-prong grounding type plugs and matching receptacle which will accept the tool's plug. Before connecting the motor to the power line, make sure the switch is in the “OFF” position and be sure that the electric current is of the same characteristics as indicated on the tool. All line connections should make good contact. Running on low voltage will damage the motor.

WARNING: DO NOT EXPOSE THE TOOL TO RAIN OR OPERATE THE TOOL IN DAMP LOCATIONS.

MOTOR SPECIFICATIONS

Your tool is wired for 120 volt, 60 HZ alternating current. Before connecting the tool to the power source, make sure the switch is in the “OFF” position.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING: THIS TOOL MUST BE GROUNDED WHILE IN USE TO PROTECT THE OPERATOR FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK.

1. All grounded, cord-connected tools:

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, grounding provides a path of least resistance for electric current to reduce the risk of electric shock. This tool is equipped with an electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into a matching outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

Do not modify the plug provided - if it will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician. Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in risk of electric shock. The conductor with insulation having an outer surface that is green with or without yellow stripes is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or replacement of the electric cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if in doubt as to whether the tool is properly grounded.

Use only 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong grounding type plugs and matching 3-conductor receptacles that accept the tool's plug, as shown in Fig. A.

Repair or replace damaged or worn cord immediately.

2. Grounded, cord-connected tools intended for use on a supply circuit having a nominal rating less than 150 volts:

If the tool is intended for use on a circuit that has an outlet that looks like the one illustrated in Fig. A, the tool will have a grounding plug that looks like the plug illustrated in Fig. A. A temporary adapter, which looks like the adapter illustrated in Fig. B, may be used to connect this plug to a matching 2-conductor receptacle as shown in Fig. B if a properly grounded outlet is not available. The temporary adapter should be used only until a properly grounded outlet can be installed by a qualified electrician. The green-colored rigid ear, lug, and the like, extending from the adapter must be connected to a permanent ground such as a properly grounded outlet box. Whenever the adapter is used, it must be held in place with a metal screw.

NOTE: In Canada, the use of a temporary adapter is not permitted by the Canadian Electric Code.

WARNING: IN ALL CASES, MAKE CERTAIN THE RECEPTACLE IN QUESTION IS PROPERLY GROUNDED. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE HAVE A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN CHECK THE RECEPTACLE.
EXTENSION CORDS

Use proper extension cords. Make sure your extension cord is in good condition and is a 3-wire extension cord which has a 3-prong grounding type plug and matching receptacle which will accept the tool’s plug. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current of the tool. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage, resulting in loss of power and overheating. Fig. D, shows the correct gauge to use depending on the cord length. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.

<table>
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<th>Ampere Rating</th>
<th>Volts</th>
<th>Total Length of Cord in Feet</th>
<th>Gauge of Extension Cord</th>
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<td>0-6</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>up to 25</td>
<td>18 AWG</td>
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<tr>
<td>0-6</td>
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<tr>
<td>12-16</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>GREATER THAN 50 FEET NOT RECOMMENDED</td>
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</table>

Fig. D

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

FOREWORD

Delta Model 11-990 is a 12" Bench Drill Press. The Delta Model 11-990 comes with an adjustable magnetic base work lamp, and a utility tray that mounts right to the column for keeping tools within easy reach. The Delta Model 11-990 has a tilting table for angular drilling with side edges and parallel slots for fast clamping of work.

UNPACKING AND CLEANING

Carefully unpack the tool and all loose items from the shipping container(s). Remove the protective coating from all unpainted surfaces. This coating may be removed with a soft cloth moistened with kerosene (do not use acetone, gasoline or lacquer thinner for this purpose). After cleaning, cover the unpainted surfaces with a good quality household floor paste wax.

NOTICE: THE MANUAL COVER PHOTO ILLUSTRATES THE CURRENT PRODUCTION MODEL. ALL OTHER ILLUSTRATIONS ARE REPRESENTATIVE ONLY AND MAY NOT DEPICT THE ACTUAL COLOR, LABELING OR ACCESSORIES.
WARNING: FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY, DO NOT CONNECT THE TOOL TO THE POWER SOURCE UNTIL THE MACHINE IS COMPLETELY ASSEMBLED AND YOU READ AND UNDERSTAND THE ENTIRE INSTRUCTION MANUAL.

Fig. 1

1 - Drill Press Head and Motor  
2 - Column, Base Flange and Table Raising Mechanism  
3 - Clamp Handle  
4 - Table  
5 - Base  
6 - Pinon Shaft Handles (3)  
7 - Chuck  
8 - Chuck Key  
9 - Wrenches (2)  
10 - Worm Gear for Table Raising and Lowering Mechanism  
11 - Table Raising and Lowering Handle  
12 - M8x25mm (1") long Hex Head Cap Screws (4)  
13 - 125mm (5") long Carriage Screws (2), Flat Washers (2), Lock Washers (2), Hex Nuts (2) (for fastening the base to a supporting surface)

NOTE: THE MAGNETIC BASE LAMP AND THE V-BELT ARE SHIPPED INSIDE THE MOTOR PULLEY COVER.

1. Magnetic base lamp (inside motor pulley cover)  
2. V-belt (inside motor pulley cover)  
3. Drill bit Tray  
4. Mounting arm  
5. Mounting bracket  
6. Hose clamp
1. Assemble the column (A) Fig. 3, to the base (B) using the four M8x25mm hex head screws (C), three of which are shown. Loosen set screw (D) and remove ring (E) and raising rack (F).

2. Make certain worm gear (G) Figs. 4 and 5, is in place in table bracket (H) as shown.

3. Insert raising rack (F) Fig. 6, which was removed in STEP 1, into groove in table bracket making sure teeth of worm gear (G) located inside table bracket are engaged with teeth of raising rack (F).
4. Slide raising rack (F) Fig. 7, table and table bracket onto drill press column, as shown. Make sure bottom of raising rack (F) Fig. 8, is engaged with flange (J) on drill press base.

5. Place the mounting bracket (A) Fig. 9 onto the column as shown. Insert hose clamp (B) Fig. 9, through the mounting bracket and around the column, and tighten securely.

6. Insert one end of mounting arm (C) Fig. 10, into hole (D) in mounting bracket. Place the tray onto the other end of the mounting arm (E).

7. Re-assemble ring (E) Fig. 11, which was removed in STEP 1. IMPORTANT: Bottom of ring (E) MUST NOT be pushed all the way down onto top of raising rack (F). MAKE SURE top of raising rack (F) is under bottom of ring (E) and that there is enough clearance to allow rack (F) to rotate around the column. THEN TIGHTEN SET SCREW (D).

8. Assemble table raising and lowering handle (K) Fig. 12, to worm gear shaft (G) and tighten screw (L) against flat on shaft.
9. Figure 13, illustrates the table raising and lowering handle (K) assembled to worm gear shaft (G).

10. Thread clamp handle (M) Fig. 14, into hole in rear of table bracket, as shown.

11. Place the drill press head (N) Fig. 15, onto the column as far as it will go. Align head to table and base and tighten the two head locking screws (O) with wrench supplied.

12. Thread the three pinion shaft handles (P) Fig. 16, into the three tapped holes located in the pinion shaft, as shown.
13. **IMPORTANT:** Make certain the spindle taper (Q) Fig. 17, and tapered hole in chuck (R) are clean and free of any grease, lacquer or rust preventive coatings. **NOTE:** Household oven cleaner can effectively remove any substance from the spindle and chuck; however, carefully follow the manufacturer’s safety rules concerning its use.

14. **IMPORTANT:** OPEN THE CHUCK JAWS AS WIDE AS POSSIBLE MAKING SURE THE CHUCK JAWS ARE UP INSIDE CHUCK.

15. Carefully drive chuck (S) Fig. 18, onto the spindle with a block of wood and hammer, or a rubber mallet (T) as shown. This will seat the chuck properly on the spindle. **IMPORTANT:** To avoid damage to the chuck, **NEVER** drive the chuck onto the spindle with a metal hammer.

16. Lift up the motor pulley cover (A) Fig. 19.

17. Loosen the tension lock knob (B) Fig. 19, and pivot the motor toward the front of the drill press as shown.

18. While holding the motor toward the front of the drill press head, position the belt (C) on the desired steps of the motor and spindle pulleys, as shown in Fig. 19. A belt positioning chart (D) is provided on the inside top cover of the drill press for your convenience.

19. After the belt is positioned on the desired steps of the motor and spindle pulleys, pivot motor away from the drill press head until the belt is properly tensioned and tighten tension lock knob (B) Fig. 19. The belt should be just tight enough to prevent slipping. Excessive tension will reduce the life of the belt, pulleys and bearings. Correct tension is obtained when the belt (C) can be flexed about one inch out of the line midway between the pulleys using light finger pressure.

20. Place the magnetic base lamp (A) Fig. 20, on the left side of the drill press head.

21. Install a 40 watt or less, 120 volt, reflector track type light bulb (not supplied), into the magnetic base lamp.

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of fire, use 40 watt or less, 120 volt, reflector track type light bulb (not supplied). A standard household light bulb should not be used. The reflector track type light bulb should not extend below the lamp shade.

22. Plug the magnetic base lamp into a 110-120 Volt, 60 HZ receptacle.

**CAUTION:** Make sure that the power cord for the magnetic base lamp is clear of all moving parts on the drill press.
OPERATING CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS

MAGNETIC BASE LAMP
The magnetic base lamp operates independently from the drill press. To turn the lamp “ON” and “OFF”, rotate switch (B) Fig. 20.

STARTING AND STOPPING DRILL PRESS
The switch (A) Fig. 21, is located on the front of the drill press head. To turn the drill press “ON” move the switch to the up position. To turn the drill press “OFF” move the switch to the down position.

LOCKING SWITCH IN THE “OFF” POSITION
IMPORTANT: When the tool is not in use, the switch should be locked in the “OFF” position to prevent unauthorized use. This can be done by grasping the switch toggle (B) and pulling it out of the switch, as shown in Fig. 22. With the switch toggle (B) removed, the switch will not operate. However, should the switch toggle be removed while the drill press is operating, the switch can be turned “OFF” once, but cannot be restarted without inserting the switch toggle (B).

TABLE ADJUSTMENTS
1. The table can be raised or lowered on the drill press column by loosening the table clamp handle (A) Fig. 23, and turning the table raising and lowering handle (B) Fig. 24. After the table is at the desired height, tighten handle (A) Fig. 23. NOTE: Final positioning of the drill press table should always be from the bottom to the up position.

2. The table can be rotated 360 degrees on the column by loosening clamp handle (A) Fig. 23, rotate table to desired position and tighten clamp handle (A).
3. The table can be tilted right or left by pulling out and removing table alignment pin (C) Fig. 25, and loosening table locking bolt (D). **NOTE:** If pin (C) is difficult to remove, turn nut (E) clockwise to pull pin out of casting. Tilt table to the desired angle and tighten bolt (D).

4. When returning table to the level position, loosen pin (C) Fig. 26, and loosen locking bolt (D). Position the table to the 0 degree mark on the tilt scale and then replace pin (C) and tighten locking bolt (D) Fig. 25.

5. A tilt scale (E) Fig. 27, is provided on the table bracket casting to indicate the degree of tilt. A witness line (F) is also provided on the table to line up with scale (E).

**SPINDLE SPEEDS**

Five spindle speeds of 620, 1100, 1720, 2340 and 3100 RPM are available. The highest speed is obtained when the belt is on the largest step of the motor pulley and the smallest step of the spindle pulley, as shown in Fig. 28. Fig. 28, illustrates which steps on the pulleys the belt must be placed to obtain the five speeds available.

**CHANGING SPEEDS AND ADJUSTING BELT TENSION**

1. **DISCONNECT TOOL FROM POWER SOURCE.**

2. Lift up the belt and pulley guard (A) Fig. 29.

3. Release belt tension by loosening tension lock knob (B) Fig. 29, and pivoting the motor toward the front of the drill press, as shown.

4. While holding the motor toward the front of the drill press head, position the belt (C) on the desired steps of the motor and spindle pulleys, as shown in Fig. 29. A belt positioning chart (D) is provided on the inside top cover of the drill press for your convenience.
5. After the belt is positioned on the desired steps of the motor and spindle pulleys, pivot motor away from the drill press head until the belt is properly tensioned and tighten tension lock knob (B) Fig. 30. The belt should be just tight enough to prevent slipping. Excessive tension will reduce the life of the belt, pulleys and bearings. Correct tension is obtained when the belt (C) can be flexed about one inch out of the line midway between the pulleys using light finger pressure.

**DRILLING HOLES TO DEPTH**

Where a number of holes are to be drilled to exactly the same depth, a depth stop is provided in the pinion shaft housing and is used as follows:

1. Loosen lock screw (A) Fig. 31, and rotate housing (B) until the pointer (C) lines up with the desired depth indicated on scale (D). Then tighten lock screw (A).
2. All holes will then be drilled to the exact depth as indicated on scale (D) Fig. 31. **NOTE:** Scale (D) is calibrated in both inches and millimeters.

**ADJUSTING SPINDLE RETURN SPRING**

The spindle is automatically returned to its upper most position upon release of the handle. It is recommended that the handle be allowed to slowly return to the top position after all holes have been bored in the material. This spring has been properly adjusted at the factory and should not be disturbed unless absolutely necessary. To adjust the return spring, proceed as follows:

1. Disconnect the tool from the power source.
2. Loosen the two nuts (B) Fig. 32, approximately 1/4". Do not remove nuts (B) from shaft (C).
3. While firmly holding spring housing (A) Fig. 33, pull out housing and rotate it until the boss (D) is engaged with the next notch on the housing. Turn the housing counterclockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease spring tension. Then tighten the two nuts (B) to hold the housing in place. **IMPORTANT:** Inside nut (B) should not contact spring housing (A) when tight.
OPERATION

The following directions will give the inexperienced operator a start on common drill press operations. Use scrap material for practice to get a feel of the machine before attempting regular work.

**WARNING:** The use of accessories and attachments not recommended by Delta may result in risk of injury.

**IMPORTANT:** When the workpiece is long enough it should always be positioned on the table with one end against the column, as shown in Fig. 34. This prevents the workpiece from rotating with the drill bit or cutting tool, causing damage to the workpiece or personal injury to the operator. If it is not possible to support the workpiece against the column, the workpiece should always be fastened to the table using clamps or a vise.

**INSTALLING AND REMOVING DRILL BITS**

1. Insert smooth end of drill bit (A) Fig. 35, as far as it will go into the chuck (B), and then back the bit out 1/16", or up to the flutes for small bits.

2. Make certain that the drill bit (A) Fig. 35, is centered in the chuck (B) before tightening the chuck with the key (C).

3. Turn the chuck key (C) Fig. 35, clockwise to tighten and counterclockwise to loosen the chuck jaws.

4. Tighten all three chuck jaws to secure the drill bit sufficiently so that it does not slip while drilling.

5. **MAKE SURE** chuck key (C) Fig. 35, is removed from chuck before starting drill press. Your chuck key (C) is equipped with a self-ejecting pin (D) which eliminates the hazard of the key being left in the chuck.

**FASTENING DRILL PRESS TO SUPPORTING SURFACE**

If during operation there is any tendency for the drill press to tip over, slide or walk on the supporting surface, the drill press base must be secured to the supporting surface with 125mm (5") long carriage screws, flat washers, lock washers, and hex nuts through the two holes (A) Fig. 36, located in the drill press base.

**BORING IN WOOD**

Twist drills, although intended for metal drilling, may also be used for boring holes in wood. However, machine spur bits are generally preferred for working in wood; they cut a flat bottom hole and are designed for removal of wood chips. Do not use hand bits which have a screw tip; at drill press speeds they turn into the wood so rapidly as to lift the work off the table and whirl it.

For through boring, line up the table so that the bit will enter the center hole to avoid damage. Scribe a vertical line on the front of the column and a matchmark on the table bracket, so that the table can be clamped in the center position at any height.

Feed slowly when the bit is about to cut through the wood to prevent splintering the bottom face. Use a scrap piece of wood for a base block under the work; this helps to reduce splintering and protects the point of the bit.
Two Year Limited Warranty

Delta will repair or replace, at its expense and at its option, any Delta machine, machine part, or machine accessory which in normal use has proven to be defective in workmanship or material, provided that the customer returns the product prepaid to a Delta factory service center or authorized service station within two years and provides Delta with reasonable opportunity to verify the alleged defect by inspection. Delta may require that electric motors be returned prepaid to a motor manufacturer’s authorized station for inspection and repair or replacement. Delta will not be responsible for any asserted defect which has resulted from normal wear, misuse, abuse or repair or alteration made or specifically authorized by anyone other than an authorized Delta service facility or representative. Under no circumstances will Delta be liable for incidental or consequential damages resulting from defective products. This warranty is Delta’s sole warranty and sets forth the customer’s exclusive remedy, with respect to defective products; all other warranties, express or implied, whether of merchantability, fitness for purpose, or otherwise, are expressly disclaimed by Delta.